## School Accountability Report Card Reported for School Year 2005-06 Published During 2006-07

The School Accountability Report Card (SARC), which is required by law to be published annually, contains information about the condition and performance of each California public school. More information about SARC requirements is available at the California Department of Education (CDE) Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/sa/. For additional information about the school, parents and community members should contact the school principal or the district office. DataQuest, an online data tool at http://data1.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/, contains additional information about this school and comparisons of the school to the district, the county, and the state.

## I. About This School

## Contact Information

This section provides the school's contact information.

| School |  | District |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| School Name | Ball Junior High | District Name | Anaheim Union High |
| Street | 1500 West Ball Rd. | Phone Number | 714-999-3502 |
| City, State, Zip | Anaheim, CA 92802-1626 | Web Site | Auhsd.k12.ca.us |
| Phone Number | 714-999-3663 | Superintendent | Joseph M. Farley, Ed.D. |
| Principal | Jason Allemann | E-mail Address | Farley_j@auhsd.k12.ca.us |
| E-mail Address | Allemann_@auhsd.k12.ca.us | --- |  |

## School Description and Mission Statement

This section provides information about the school's goals and programs.
Ball Junior High School is a place where students can expect teachers and staff members to implement the highest levels of educational standards and the appropriate supports/interventions to ensure student academic success. Ball Junior High School's vision is to enable students to make the transitions from dependence to independence in a secure, stimulating, and multicultural environment. Through a challenging curriculum and positive atmosphere, students will strive for academic excellence, develop a love of learning, and create a strong vision of the possibilities for their own futures. The students will be empowered to contribute these skills and talents to an ever-changing society.

## Opportunities for Parental Involvement

This section provides information about opportunities for parents to become involved with school activities. Ball's Parent Teacher Student Association (PTSA) is very active. We encourage parents to be directly involved at the school site to contact us regarding: joining PTSA, supervising lunch time, supervising school dances, chaperoning field trips, assisting with music concerts, assisting classroom teachers with special projects, helping with registration in the fall, helping with the 8th grade party and assisting with other activities as needed. In addition, parents serve on the following committees which meet regularly throughout the year: School Site Council, School Management and Resource (SMART), Title I, English Learners Advisory Council, and the Superintendent's Advisory Council. At Ball Jr. High, we encourage all parents to be involved with their children's education. We thank you in advance for your support and promise to do all we can to help you and your student have a great educational experience.

## Student Enrollment by Grade Level

This table displays the number of students enrolled in each grade level at the school.

| Grade Level | Number of Students | Grade Level | Number of Students |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Kindergarten | 0 | Grade 8 | 798 |
| Grade 1 | 0 | Ungraded <br> Elementary | 0 |
| Grade 2 | 0 | Grade 9 | 0 |
| Grade 3 | 0 | Grade 10 | 0 |
| Grade 4 | 0 | Grade 11 | 0 |
| Grade 5 | 0 | Grade 12 | 0 |
| Grade 6 | 0 | Ungraded Secondary | 0 |
| Grade 7 | 676 | Total Enrollment | 1474 |

## Student Enrollment by Group

This table displays the percent of students enrolled at the school who are identified as being in a particular group.

| Group | Percent of <br> Total Enrollment | Group | Percent of <br> Total Enrollment |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| African American | 2.2 | White (not Hispanic) | 12.9 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 0.2 | Multiple or No Response | 0.0 |
| Asian | 6.4 | Socioeconomically Disadvantaged | 67.0 |
| Filipino | 2.0 | English Learners | 42.0 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 75.2 | Students with Disabilities | 10.0 |
| Pacific Islander | 1.0 | -- | --- |

## Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Secondary)

This table displays by subject area the average class size and the number of classrooms that fall into each size category (a range of total students per classroom).

| Subject | 2003-04 |  |  |  | 2004-05 |  |  |  | 2005-06 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Avg. Class Size | Number of Classrooms |  |  | Avg. Class Size | Number of Classrooms |  |  | Avg. Class Size | Number of Classrooms |  |  |
|  |  | 1-22 | 23-32 | 33+ |  | 1-22 | 23-32 | 33+ |  | 1-22 | 23-32 | 33+ |
| English | 27.3 | 13 | 50 | 11 | 27.2 | 15 | 50 | 17 | 28.4 | 4 | 61 | 13 |
| Mathematics | 30.3 | 3 | 20 | 13 | 30.5 | 1 | 28 | 19 | 30.5 | 2 | 31 | 12 |
| Science | 31.6 | 3 | 18 | 21 | 32.1 | 2 | 14 | 28 | 31.4 | 2 | 19 | 18 |
| Social Science | 28.5 | 6 | 18 | 20 | 31.6 | 2 | 20 | 22 | 30.2 | 1 | 28 | 12 |

## II. School Climate

## School Safety Plan

This section provides information about the school's comprehensive safety plan.
School Safety Plans are reviewed on an annual basis. Input is gathered from staff and community resource groups and the School Site Council in order to determine any needed changes. The Ball Junior High School Plan was updated in January 2005 at a workshop led by Dr. Helen Taylor. The plan was reviewed with staff during September/October, 2005.

## School Discipline Practices

This section provides information about the school's efforts to create and maintain a positive learning environment, including the school's use of disciplinary strategies.
In order to create a safe and orderly school environment the students and staff of Ball JHS subscribe to a general uniform policy. School uniform consists of a Ball JHS polo shirt and appropriate, solid color shorts or pants. Discipline practices revolve around altering inappropriate student's behavior and not punishment. It is our goal as a staff to assist students in changing counterproductive behavior. We involve the parent in this process as often as possible. Students are required to reflect on behavior that is inappropriate and, as appropriate, asked to serve detentions and other forms of disciplinary action with the end goal of modifying behavior. Students are offered tiered interventions that target behavioral or academic issues.

## Suspensions and Expulsions

This table displays the rate of suspensions and expulsions (the total number of incidents divided by the total enrollment) at the school and district levels for the most recent three-year period.

| Rate | School |  |  | District |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3 - 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4 - 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5 - 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3 - 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4 - 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5 - 0 6}$ |
| Suspensions | $19 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $0.33 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $0.17 \%$ |
| Expulsions | $.5 \%$ | $.5 \%$ | $0.012 \%$ | $.6 \%$ | $.6 \%$ | $0.007 \%$ |

## III. School Facilities

## School Facility Conditions and Improvements

This section provides information about the condition of the school's grounds, buildings, and restrooms, and a description of any planned or recently completed facility improvements.
Ball Junior High School is a comprehensive middle school established in 1962. The 24 acre site included 38 regular classrooms plus a number of portable classrooms. There are 15 labs which are designed for specific programs (i.e. computer labs, science labs, choral music room, etc.) The site also includes a cafeteria, a media center, a gym, and a variety of sports fields. Maintenance and Repair: Site and District maintenance staff ensure that the repairs necessary to keep the school in good repair and working order are completed in a timely manner. A work order process is used to ensure efficient service. Emergency repairs are given the highest priority. Cleaning process and schedule: The district board has adopted cleaning standards for all schools. The administration works daily with the custodial staff to develop cleaning schedules to ensure a clean and safe school. All classrooms and restrooms are cleaned daily and deep cleaning, waxing of floors, and painting takes place during times when students are not in classes. Students, parents, and staff are encouraged to report any objectionable conditions via a uniform complaint procedure.

## School Facility Good Repair Status

This table displays the results of the most recently completed school site inspection to determine the school facility's good repair status.

| Item Inspected | Facility in Good Repair | Repair Needed and Action Taken or Planned |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gas Leaks | [ X ] |  |
| Mechanical Systems | [ X$]$ |  |
| Windows/Doors/Gates (interior and exterior) | [ ] | Broken windows in Rm. 19. Work order issued. |
| Interior Surfaces (walls, floors, and ceilings) | [ ] | Water damage to the ceiling in several rooms. Torn carpet in rooms 44, and 45. Work orders issued. |
| Hazardous Materials (interior and exterior) | [ X ] |  |
| Structural Damage | [ X ] |  |
| Fire Safety | [ X ] |  |
| Electrical (interior and exterior) | [ ] | Outlet cover plate missing in Rm. 53. Work order issued. |
| Pest/Vermin Infestation | [ X ] |  |
| Drinking Fountains (inside and outside) | [ ] | Broken/low water pressure drinking fountains in two locations. Work orders issued. |
| Restrooms | [ ] | Broken urinal in the boys restroom. Low water pressure in sink. Work orders issued. |
| Sewer | [ X ] |  |
| Playground/School Grounds | [ X ] |  |
| Other | [ ] |  |

## IV. Teachers

## Teacher Credentials

This table displays the number of teachers assigned to the school with a full credential, without a full credential, and those teaching outside of their subject area of competence. Detailed information about teacher qualifications can be found at the CDE Web site at http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/.

| Teachers | School |  |  | District |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3 - 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4 - 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5 - 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5 - 0 6}$ |
| With Full Credential | 55 | 60 | 58 | 1271 |
| Without Full Credential | 5 | 3 | 3 | 53 |
| Teaching Outside Subject Area of Competence | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

## Teacher Misassignments and Vacant Teacher Positions

This table displays the number of teacher misassignments (teachers assigned without proper legal authorization) and the number of vacant teacher positions (not filled by a single designated teacher assigned to teach the entire course at the beginning of the school year or semester). Note: Total Teacher Misassignments includes the number of Misassignments of Teachers of English Learners.

| Indicator | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4 - 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5 - 0 6}$ | $2006-07$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Misassignments of Teachers of English Learners | --- |  | 0 |
| Total Teacher Misassignments | --- |  | 8 |
| Vacant Teacher Positions | --- |  | 0 |

## Core Academic Classes Taught by No Child Left Behind Compliant Teachers

This table displays the percent of classes in core academic subjects taught by No Child Left Behind (NCLB) compliant and non-NCLB compliant teachers at the school, at all schools in the district, at high-poverty schools in the district, and at lowpoverty schools in the district. More information on teacher qualifications required under NCLB can be found at the CDE Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/nclb/sr/tq/.

| Location of Classes |  | Percent of Classes In Core Academic Subjects |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Taught by |  |
|  | NCLB Compliant Teachers | Non-NCLB Compliant Teachers |  |
| This School | 87.3 | 12.7 |  |
| All Schools in District | 85.0 | 15.0 |  |
| High-Poverty Schools in District | 84.0 | 16.0 |  |
| Low-Poverty Schools in District | 84.0 | 16.0 |  |

## Substitute Teacher Availability

This section provides information about the availability of qualified substitute teachers and the impact of any difficulties in this area on the school's instructional program.
The Human Resources Department in the AUHSD uses thorough screening/hiring practices to maintain a qualified pool of substitute teachers. When a teacher is absent, substitutes use prepared lessons to ensure ongoing instruction for students. Teacher requests for preferred substitutes are honored whenever possible. Teachers are expected to leave detailed lesson plans for substituting teachers, and substitutes are required to leaver information regarding the day and the progress made on the lesson plan.

## Teacher Evaluation Process

This section provides information about the procedures and the criteria used for teacher evaluations.
Teachers are evaluated on a regular basis in accordance with the California Education Code and pursuant to the contract between the District and the Anaheim Secondary Teachers Association. Tenured teachers are evaluated once every two years. Temporary and probationary teachers are evaluated once each year.

## V. Support Staff

## Academic Counselors and Other Support Staff

This table displays, in units of full-time equivalents (FTE), the number of academic counselors and other support staff who are assigned to the school and the average number of students per academic counselor. One FTE equals one staff member working full time; one FTE could also represent two staff members who each work 50 percent of full time.

| Title | Number of FTE <br> Assigned to School | Average Number of <br> Students per <br> Academic Counselor |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Academic Counselor | 2.0 | 737.0 |
| Library Media Teacher (Librarian) |  | -- |
| Library Media Services Staff (paraprofessional) |  | -- |
| Psychologist |  | -- |
| Social Worker |  | -- |
| Nurse |  | -- |
| Speech/Language/Hearing Specialist |  | -- |
| Resource Specialist (non-teaching) |  | -- |
| Other | -- |  |

## VI. Curriculum and Instructional Materials

## Quality, Currency, and Availability of Textbooks and Instructional Materials

This table displays information about the quality, currency, and availability of the standards-aligned textbooks and other instructional materials used at the school, and information about the school's use of any supplemental curriculum or nonadopted textbooks or instructional materials.

|  | Quality, Currency, and Availability of Textbooks and <br> Instructional Materials | Percent of Pupils <br> Who Lack Their Own <br> Assigned Textbooks <br> and <br> Core Curriculum Area <br> Instructional Materials |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Reading/Language Arts | Per the California Department of Education schedule, all textbooks are <br> replaced every seven years. Reading/Language Arts materials were <br> adopted in 2003-04. There is one textbook available per student. | 0 |
| Mathematics | Mathematics textbooks were adopted in 2002-03. Course appropriate, <br> standards-based textbooks were chosen for each mathematics course. <br> There is one textbook available per student. | 0 |
| Science | Science textbooks were adopted in 2001-02. There is one textbook <br> available per student. School staff will begin the selection process for new <br> standards-based texts in 2006-07. | 0 |
| History-Social Science | History/Social science textbooks were adopted in 2005-06. There is one <br> textbook available per student | 0 |
| Foreign Language | Foreign language textbooks were adopted in 2003-04. There is one <br> textbook available per student. | 0 |
| Health | Health textbooks were adopted in 2003-04. There is one textbook available <br> per student. | 0 |
| Science Laboratory <br> Equipment (grades 9- <br> 12) | NA | 0 |

## VII. School Finances

## Expenditures Per Pupil and School Site Teacher Salaries (Fiscal Year 2004-05)

This table displays a comparison of the school's per pupil expenditures from unrestricted (basic) sources with other schools in the district and throughout the state, and a comparison of the average teacher salary at the school site with average teacher salaries at the district and state levels. Detailed information regarding school expenditures and teacher salaries can be found at the CDE Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ec/ and http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/.

| Level | Total <br> Expenditures <br> Per Pupil | Expenditures <br> Per Pupil <br> (Supplemental) | Expenditures <br> Per Pupil <br> (Basic) | Average <br> Teacher <br> Salary |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School Site | $\$ 7609$ | $\$ 2783$ | $\$ 4826$ | $\$ 80,044$ |
| District | --- | --- | $\$ 4763$ | $\$ 67,329$ |
| Percent Difference - School Site and District | --- | -- | $+1.3 \%$ | $+18.9 \%$ |
| State | --- | -- | $\$ 4,743$ | $\$ 60,037$ |
| Percent Difference - School Site and State | --- | $+1.8 \%$ | $+33.33 \%$ |  |

## Types of Services Funded

This section provides information about the programs and supplemental services that are available at the school and funded through either categorical or other sources.
Ball Junior High School students can access academic assistance through Home Work Help Shop and ELD tutorials that are funded by Title I and ELAP. Additionally, strategic reading and mathematics interventions are provided to students that are identified through their performance CAT6 and CST testing. These strategic classes are funded by Title I. Additioanl instructional assistance and teachers in the areas of reading, math, and ELD are funded through Title I, Title III, EIA/LEP, and ELAP.

## Teacher and Administrative Salaries (Fiscal Year 2004-05)

This table displays district-level salary information for teachers, principals, and superintendents, and compares these figures to the state averages for districts of the same type and size. The table also displays teacher and administrative salaries as a percent of a district's budget, and compares these figures to the state averages for districts of the same type and size. Detailed information regarding salaries may be found at the CDE Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/ and http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/sa/salaries0405.asp.

| Category | District <br> Amount | State Average <br> For Districts <br> In Same Category |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Beginning Teacher Salary | $\$ 40,986$ | $\$ 37,671$ |
| Mid-Range Teacher Salary | $\$ 74,580$ | $\$ 63,121$ |
| Highest Teacher Salary | $\$ 85,668$ | $\$ 78,630$ |
| Average Principal Salary (Elementary) | $\$ 109,312$ | $\$ 101,801$ |
| Average Principal Salary (Middle) | $\$ 117,392$ | $\$ 11,909$ |
| Average Principal Salary (High) | $\$ 180,350$ | $\$ 163,061$ |
| Superintendent Salary | 40.5 | 37.8 |
| Percent of Budget for Teacher Salaries | 4.2 | 5.2 |
| Percent of Budget for Administrative Salaries |  |  |

## VIII. Student Performance

## California Standards Tests

The California Standards Tests (CSTs) show how well students are doing in relation to the state content standards. The CSTs include English-language arts and mathematics in grades 2 through 11; science in grades 5, 8, 9, 10, and 11; and history-social science in grades 8,10 , and 11 . Student scores are reported as performance levels. Detailed information regarding CST results for each grade and performance level, including the percent of students not tested, can be found at the CDE Web site at http://star.cde.ca.gov. Note: To protect student privacy, scores are not shown when the number of students tested is 10 or less.

## CST Results for All Students - Three-Year Comparison

This table displays the percent of students achieving at the Proficient or Advanced level (meeting or exceeding the state standards).

| Subject | School |  |  | District |  |  | State |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
| English-Language Arts | 22 | 31 | 32 | 32 | 38 | 39 | 36 | 40 | 42 |
| Mathematics | 34 | 33 | 33 | 29 | 34 | 36 | 34 | 38 | 40 |
| Science |  |  | 39 | 36 | 41 | 39 | 25 | 27 | 35 |
| History-Social Science | 26 | 28 | 35 | 29 | 34 | 36 | 29 | 32 | 33 |

## CST Results by Student Group - Most Recent Year

This table displays the percent of students, by group, achieving at the Proficient or Advanced level (meeting or exceeding the state standards) for the most recent testing period.

| \multicolumn{1}{c\|}{ Group } | Percent of Students Scoring at Proficient or Advanced |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | English- <br> Language Arts | Mathematics | Science | History- <br> Social Science |
| African American | 6 | 15 | 28 | 6 |
| American Indian or <br> Alaska Native | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| Asian | 62 | 74 | 77 | 72 |
| Filipino | 60 | 67 | 76 | 65 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 27 | 28 | 33 | 30 |
| Pacific Islander | 31 | 31 | 49 | $*$ |
| White (not Hispanic) | 49 | 40 | 41 | 43 |
| Male | 30 | 37 | 37 | 38 |
| Female | 35 | 30 | 34 | 30 |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 28 | 29 | 17 | 13 |
| English Learners | 9 | 17 | 6 | 5 |
| Students with Disabilities | 12 | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| Students Receiving Migrant <br> Education Services | $*$ |  |  |  |

## Norm-Referenced Test

The norm-referenced test (NRT), currently the California Achievement Test, Sixth Edition (CAT/6), shows how well students are doing compared to students nationally in reading, language, spelling, and mathematics in grades 3 and 7 only. The results are reported as the percent of tested students scoring at or above the national average (the 50th percentile). Detailed information regarding NRT results for each grade level can be found at the CDE Web site at http://star.cde.ca.gov/. Note: To protect student privacy, scores are not shown when the number of students tested is 10 or less.

## NRT Results for All Students - Three-Year Comparison

This table displays the percent of students scoring at or above the national average (the 50th percentile) in reading and mathematics.

| Subject | School |  |  | District |  |  | State |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
| Reading | 32 | 35 | 34 | 43 | 41 | 41 | 43 | 41 | 42 |
| Mathematics | 47 | 44 | 40 | 49 | 48 | 48 | 51 | 52 | 53 |

## NRT Results by Student Group - Most Recent Year

This table displays the percent of students, by group, scoring at or above the national average (the 50th percentile) in reading and mathematics for the most recent testing period.

| Group | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Percent of Students Scoring at or } \\ \text { Above the National Average }\end{array}$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mathematics |  |$]$| Reading |
| :---: |
| African American |
| American Indian or Alaska Native |
| Asian |
| Filipino |
| Hispanic or Latino |
| Pacific Islander |
| White (not Hispanic) |
| Male |
| Female |
| Economically Disadvantaged |
| English Learners |
| Students with Disabilities |
| Students Receiving Migrant Education Services |

## California Physical Fitness Test Results

The California Physical Fitness Test is administered to students in grades 5, 7, and 9 only. This table displays by grade level the percent of students meeting fitness standards (scoring in the healthy fitness zone on all six fitness standards) for the most recent testing period. Detailed information regarding this test, and comparisons of a school's test results to the district and state levels, may be found at the CDE Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/tg/pf/. Note: To protect student privacy, scores are not shown when the number of students tested is 10 or less.

| Grade Level | Percent of <br> Students Meeting <br> Fitness Standards |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 23.7 |

## IX. Accountability

## Academic Performance Index

The Academic Performance Index (API) is an annual measure of the academic performance and progress of schools in California. API scores range from 200 to 1,000 , with a statewide target of 800 . Detailed information about the API can be found at the CDE Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ap/.

## API Ranks - Three-Year Comparison

This table displays the school's statewide and similar schools API ranks. The statewide API rank ranges from 1 to 10. A statewide rank of 1 means that the school has an API score in the lowest 10 percent of all schools in the state, while a statewide rank of 10 means that the school has an API score in the highest 10 percent of all schools in the state. The similar schools API rank reflects how a school compares to 100 statistically matched "similar schools." A similar schools rank of 1 means that the school's academic performance is comparable to the lowest performing 10 schools of the 100 similar schools, while a similar schools rank of 10 means that the school's academic performance is better than at least 90 of the 100 similar schools.

| API Rank | 2003-04 | 2004-05 | 2005-06 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Statewide | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Similar Schools | 7 | 10 | 7 |

## API Changes by Student Group - Three-Year Comparison

This table displays by student group the actual API changes in points added or lost for the past three years, and the most recent API score. Note: "N/A" means that the student group is not numerically significant.

| Group | Actual API Change |  |  | API Score |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3 - 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4 - 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5 - 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |
| All Students at the School | 18 | 25 | -2 | 686 |
| African American |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native |  |  |  |  |
| Asian |  |  |  |  |
| Filipino |  |  | -5 | 655 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 25 | 33 |  |  |
| Pacific Islander |  |  | 28 | 768 |
| White (not Hispanic) | 11 | 2 | -1 | 662 |
| Socioeconomically Disadvantaged | 21 | 32 | -6 | 650 |
| English Learners | -- | -- | 23 | 487 |
| Students with Disabilities | -- | -- |  |  |

## State Award and Intervention Programs

This section will contain information about the school's participation in various state intervention and award programs only to the extent these programs were funded for the period addressed by this report.
Ball Junior High School does not participate in any state award or intervention programs.

## Adequate Yearly Progress

The federal NCLB Act requires that all schools and districts meet the following Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) criteria:

- Participation rate on the state's standards-based assessments in English-language arts (ELA) and mathematics
- Percent proficient on the state's standards-based assessments in ELA and mathematics
- API as an additional indicator
- Graduation rate (for secondary schools)

Detailed information about AYP, including participation rates and percent proficient results by student group, can be found at the CDE Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/.

## AYP Overall and by Criteria

This table displays an indication of whether the school and the district made AYP overall and whether the school and the district met each of the AYP criteria.

| AYP Criteria | School | District |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Overall | Yes | Yes |
| Participation Rate - English-Language Arts | Yes | Yes |
| Participation Rate - Mathematics | Yes | Yes |
| Percent Proficient - English-Language Arts | Yes | Yes |
| Percent Proficient - Mathematics | Yes | Yes |
| API | Yes | Yes |
| Graduation Rate | N/A | Yes |

## Federal Intervention Program

Schools and districts receiving federal Title I funding enter Program Improvement (PI) if they do not make AYP for two consecutive years in the same content area (English-language arts or mathematics) or on the same indicator (API or graduation rate). After entering PI, schools and districts advance to the next level of intervention with each additional year that they do not make AYP. Detailed information about PI identification can be found at the CDE Web site at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/.

| Indicator | School | District |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Program Improvement Status | Not in PI | Not In PI |
| First Year of Program Improvement |  |  |
| Year in Program Improvement |  |  |
| Number of Schools Currently in Program Improvement | --- | 5 |
| Percent of Schools Currently in Program Improvement | --- | 23.8 |

## X. School Completion and Postsecondary Preparation

## College Admission Test Preparation Course Program

This section provides information about the school's college admission test preparation course program.
Ball JHS is currently exploring ways for our students to gain experience in taking the PSAT exam in the 8th grade. This, along with academic tutorials, AVID courses and strategies will assist in promoting a college going atmosphere for our 7th and 8th grade students.

## XI. Instructional Planning and Scheduling

## School Instruction and Leadership

This section provides information about the structure of the school's instructional program and the experience of the school's leadership team.
All students are placed in the best possible learning situation within the resources of the district. To accomplish this expectation, instruction at each grade level is based on the Board adopted grade level standards. These district content and performance standards reflect the state guidelines in each content area. Instruction is also to accommodate the varying interests and growth patterns of individual students and include strategies for addressing academic deficiencies when needed. Students should be placed where a reasonable prognosis of success can be expected. Students shall progress through the grade levels by demonstrating growth in learning and meeting grade-level standards and benchmarks of expected learning achievement. It is the role of the site administrator to monitor instruction and student academic achievement. At Ball Junior High School, the current administrative team of one principal and two assistant principals work very hard at the responsibility. This team was created during the 2005-06 school year so they are just developing strategies to monitor academic achievement at Ball. Benchmark exams are given in the core academic areas throughout the year to monitor appropriate student progress. Their performance is evaluated annually by the district administrative staff.

## Professional Development

This section provides information about the program for training the school's teachers and other professional staff. Teachers participate in a variety of District in-services as well as professional development workshops and conferences to enhance their knowledge and instructional skills. The Beginning Teacher Support and Assessment (BTSA) program in addition to district workshops, and professional conferences are opportunities for professional development. The District continues to train teachers in strategies to deliver a differentiated curriculum with depth and complexity. Teachers learn to utilize students assessment results in order to target instruction to better meet the individual needs of students.
Classified staff members have many opportunities to participate in training designed to enhance their effectiveness with students. All district staff members are supported in their efforts to be considered highly qualified under NCLB.

## Instructional Minutes

This table displays a comparison of the number of instructional minutes offered at the school to the state requirement for each grade level.

| Grade <br> Level | Offered | State Requirement |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 61,986 | 54,000 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 61,986 | 54,000 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ |  |  |

## Minimum Days in School Year

The section provides information about the total number of days in the most recent school year that students attended school on a shortened day schedule and the reasons for the shortened day schedule.
Ball Junior High School scheduled six Minimum days and six Late Start days during this school year. Minimum days are 241 minutes long. Late Start days are 290 minutes long. The regular school day is 350 minutes in length.

